Name $\qquad$

## CALCULATING THE MEAN \#2

Directions: Calculate the mean for each set of numbers below. To find the mean of a set of numbers, add all of the data together, then divide that sum by the amount of numbers in the set.

Example: Here are the numbers in the set (2, 2, 8, 10, 9)
Add them together $\quad 2+2+8+10+9=$ a total of 31
Divide by the amount of numbers in the set $\quad 31$ divided by 5 gives you a mean of 6.2

|  |  | SUM | DIVIDED BY | MEAN |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1) | (4, 4, 6, 8, |  |  |  |
| 2) | (2, 4, 4, 6, 1, 4) |  | - |  |
| 3) | (12, 14, 10, ) |  | - |  |
| 4) | (9, 2, 5, 7, 5) |  | - |  |
| 5) | $(1,2,4,6,1,6,8)$ |  |  |  |
| 6) | (12, 4, 16, 10, |  | - |  |
| 7) | (10, 4, 6, 10, 4) |  | - |  |
| 8) | (22, 9, 8, 11,) |  | - |  |
| 9) | $(16,8,15,11,7)$ |  | - |  |
| 10) | $(1,2,3,5,1,4,6,1,2,2)$ |  | - |  |

EXTENSION: List all of the means from \#1-10 in order from least to greatest.

