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## CALCULATING THE MEAN \#1

Directions: Calculate the mean for each set of numbers below. To find the mean of a set of numbers, add all of the data together, then divide that sum by the amount of numbers in the set.

Example: Here are the numbers in the set (2, 2, 8, 10, 8)
Add them together $2+2+8+10+8=$ a total of 30
Divide by the amount of numbers in the set $\quad 30$ divided by 5 gives you a mean of 6

|  |  | SUM | DIVIDED BY | MEAN |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1) | $(2,4,6,8)$ |  | 4- |  |
| 2) | (2, 1, 4, 6, 1, 4) |  | 6 |  |
| 3) | $(12,8,10)$ |  | - |  |
| 4) | $(6,2,5,7,5)$ |  | - |  |
| 5) | $(1,2,4,6,1,6,1)$ |  | - |  |
| 6) | (12, 4, 6, 10) |  | - |  |
| 7) | $(2,10,4,6,10,4)$ |  | - |  |
| 8) | $(9,8,10)$ |  | - |  |
| 9) | $(6,8,5,11,5)$ |  | - |  |
| 10) | ( $5,1,4,6,1,2,2)$ |  | - |  |

