

Name \_\_\_\_\_

## ABSOLUTE VALUE INEQUALITIES #1

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**Directions:** Solving *absolute value inequalities* requires two different strategies. To solve absolute value inequalities with a “greater than” symbol, you should split the problem into two separate inequalities, like solving an absolute value equation. This strategy is demonstrated in Example 1. For inequalities with a “less than” symbol, you can solve the two inequalities at the same time, as shown in Example 2.

Example 1:  $|x + 7| > 10$

$$\begin{array}{l} x + 7 < -10 \quad \text{or} \quad x + 7 > 10 \quad (\text{subtract 7 from both sides}) \\ \mathbf{x < -17} \quad \quad \text{or} \quad \quad \mathbf{x > 3} \end{array}$$

$$|x + 4| < 10$$

$$\begin{array}{l} -10 < x + 4 < 10 \quad (\text{subtract 4 from each part}) \\ \mathbf{-14 < x < 6} \end{array}$$

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1)  $|x + 8| < 13$

2)  $|x - 8| > 22$

3)  $|x + 2| \leq 8$

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4)  $|10 + x| < 14$

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5)  $|x - 20| \geq 42$

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6)  $|x + 2| < 20$

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7)  $|x + 10| \leq 20$

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8)  $|x - 2| > 12$

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9)  $|2 + x| < 24$